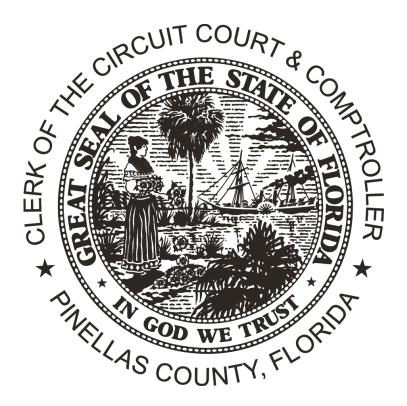
# KEN BURKE, C.P.A. CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT AND COMPTROLLER

## PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA



Package 7(a) PACKAGE FEE: \$7.65

### **REQUEST FOR CHANGE OF NAME ADULT**

Please contact the Clerk's Office at (727) 464-7000 or visit us online at www.mypinellasclerk.org for additional information.

# REQUEST FOR CHANGE OF NAME (ADULT)

**FILING FEE:** \$400.00

COPIES REQUIRED: Originals to the Clerk.

1 Set of copies for your records.

ADDITIONAL COSTS: \$3.50 per Acknowledgement

(If you do not have your signature notarized in the required spaces prior to filing, the Deputy Clerk can do this for you. Please DO NOT SIGN until a notary or Deputy Clerk instructs you to

do so.)



#### SELF HELP CENTER

The Self Help Centers are the result of a collaborative effort between the Clerk's Office, the Sixth Judicial Circuit, the Community Law Program and the Clearwater Bar Association.

The purpose of the Clerk's Legal Self Help Centers is to assist citizens representing themselves in court (sometimes referred to as pro se persons) who do NOT have a private attorney. Citizens who represent themselves in court and do not already have a private attorney representing them, can now get affordable legal assistance.

#### **OUR SERVICES INCLUDE:**

- Schedule an appointment to consult with an attorney for a minimum of \$15.00\*
  (Attorneys may assist with Family Law, Small Claims and Landlord/Tenant matters ONLY.)
- Purchase forms and packets for the civil court actions listed above
- Have documents notarized
- Make copies

#### Open Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. until 4:30 p.m.:

• The Clearwater Self Help Center

The New Courthouse 315 Court Street Clearwater, FL 33756 Phone: (727) 464-5150 Fax: (727) 453-3423

The St. Petersburg Self Help Center

The St. Petersburg Judicial Building 545 First Avenue North, Room 103 St Petersburg, FL 33701 Phone: (727) 582-7941 Fax: (727) 582-7945

• The North County Branch Self Help Center

29582 U.S. 19 North Clearwater, FL 33761 Phone: (727) 464-5150 Fax: (727) 453-3423

- o Appointments may be scheduled for Wednesday, Thursday and/or Friday.
- o A Spanish interpreter provided by the Hispanic Outreach Center is available by appointment at the Clearwater location
- Appointments may be scheduled for Monday, Wednesday, and/or Friday.
- o Attorney appointments may be scheduled for Tuesday **only** at this office.

**Self Help Center Now Offering Online Scheduling** of attorney consultation appointments for prose litigants that do not already have an attorney. To schedule an appointment online using a credit card, please visit www.mypinellasclerk.org and click on the SELF HELP CENTER link in the top menu.

\*Attorney appointments may only be scheduled for a minimum of 15 minutes to a maximum of one hour. All appointments must be scheduled in 15-minute increments, i.e., 15, 30, 45 or 60 minutes at a rate of \$1 (one dollar) per minute, therefore payments will be \$15, \$30, \$45 or \$60 accordingly.

Attorney consultation fees must be paid when the appointment time is scheduled. Payments must be by cash, check, money order or credit card. Refunds will not be issued for missed appointments.

#### NAME CHANGE (Effective 10/1/2009)

#### FINGERPRINT / STATE AND NATIONAL CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS CHECK REQUIREMENT

Effective October 1, 2009, Section 68.07, Florida Statutes, was changed pertaining to name change cases to require that, **before a court conducts a hearing** on a name change petition, the petitioner and/or any adult changing their name must have fingerprints submitted for a state and national criminal history records check, **except** if a former name is being restored. It also provides that:

- Fingerprints of the petitioner(s) are to be taken in a manner approved by the Department of Law Enforcement and shall be sent **electronically** to the department for state processing for a criminal history records check.
- The department shall submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing.
- The department shall submit the results of the state and national records check to the Clerk of the Court. (A turn-around time after submission is estimated at 72 hours by FDLE)
- You may verify receipt of the Records Check by going to <u>www.mypinellasclerk.org</u> and click on SEARCH RECORDS to view Civil/Small Claims docket entries on-line.)
- Once this is listed on the docket, the petitioner can contact the Family Law Resource Center at 727-582-7200 to request a hearing.
- The Court shall consider the results in reviewing the information contained in the petition and evaluating whether to grant the petition.

The costs or fees for processing fingerprints and conducting the state and national criminal history records check for the name change fee must be paid by the petitioner directly to the fingerprinting agency.

**Pinellas Clerk** Originating Agency Identification Number (**ORI**) must be provided to the electronic fingerprint provider. This will insure that FDLE returns the report to the Pinellas Clerk's Office.

Pinellas ORI # FL924030Z

#### **ELECTRONIC LIVE SCAN FINGERPRINT PROVIDER IN PINELLAS COUNTY**

**Pinellas County Sheriff Technical Services**AFIS Division

4645 145th Avenue North Clearwater, FL 33762 727-646-6412

121-040-0412

Monday-Friday: 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM

Contact Pinellas Clerk of Court for additional providers or access www.mypinellasclerk.org (look for NAME CHANGE under FIND A SERVICE) for a complete list of Live Scan law enforcement and private providers.

## CASE PROGRESSION CHECKLIST ORIGINAL PETITIONS

This checklist has been prepared to assist you with the necessary procedure for bringing your case to final hearing. This checklist lists the minimum requirements and, even though fairly specific, may not be all-inclusive for every case. It is not intended, and should not be substituted for proper legal advice from an attorney. You should, however, find that making sure all necessary steps noted below are followed would reduce procedural difficulties and time delays.

I.	INITIAL FILING
A.	Required Forms
Pe	tition (check one):
	Petition for Support Unconnected with Dissolution of Marriage with Dependent or Minor Child(ren) – Form 12.904(a)(1)
	Petition for Support and Parenting Plan Unconnected with Dissolution of Marriage with Dependent or Minor Child(ren) – Form 12.904(a)(2)
	Petition for Support Unconnected with Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) – Form 12.904(b)
	Petition to Determine Paternity and for Related Relief – Form 12.983(a)
	Petition for Change of Name (Adult) – Form 12.982(a)
	Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child/Children) – Form 12.982(c)
	Petition for Change of Name (Family) – Form 12.982(f)
	Joint Petition to Determine Paternity and for Related Relief – Form FFLF-L
	Petition to Disestablish Paternity and /or Terminate Child Support Obligation – Form 12.951(a
Foi	rms Filed with Initial Petition (not all forms are required for all case types):
	Civil Cover Sheet (local requirement)
	Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Affidavit (UCCJEA) – Form 12.902(d)
	Notice of Social Security Number – Form 12.902(j)
	Notice of Related Cases - Form 12.900(h)

	Supplemental Information Regarding Parties (local requirement)
	Financial Affidavit – Form 12.902(b) <b>or</b> 12.902(c). This must be filed within 45 days of service of petition on the Respondent, if not filed at time of the petition. (Financial Affidavit cannot be waived)
	Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure – Form 12.932. (This must be filed within 45 days of <a href="service">service</a> of the petition on the Respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition)  -OR-
	Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure signed by both parties ( <u>cannot</u> waive Financial Affidavit)
	Parenting Plan – Form 12.995(a) - <b>OR</b> -
	Supervised/Safety-Focused Parenting Plan – Form 12.995(b)
	Child Support Guidelines Worksheet – Form 12.902(e), if you are asking that child support be ordered in the Final Judgment. (If you do not know your spouse's income, you may file this worksheet after his or her financial affidavit has been served to you)
	Affidavit of Corroborating Witness – Form 12.902(i), <u>or</u> photocopy of current Florida driver's license, Florida identification card or voter's registration card (issued date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is actually filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court)
	Disclosure from Non-Lawyer (This form is used when someone other than a Lawyer or Paralegal assists you with completing your documents)
	Summons: Personal Service on an Individual - Form 12.910(a)
	Process Service Memorandum - Form 12.910(b)
В.	Required Fees
	Filing fee paid or waiver granted by Clerk or Court
	Fees for process service paid directly to a Process Server. The cost for service is set by the process server, the filing party must obtain service procedures including fees from the process server. A complete list of Pinellas County process servers can be obtained online at <a href="https://www.MyPinellasClerk.org">www.MyPinellasClerk.org</a>
C.	Required Course
	Completion of approved Parenting Education and Family Stabilization Course. If one party resides in another Florida County or out of state, the party must receive court approval to take the class available in their area of residence.

### A. Personal Service Summons returned "served" and filed by Clerk – Form 12.910(a) After 20 days have passed from the day Respondent was served, check to see whether Respondent filed an answer or any paper within the 20 day period. If yes, you may check this item (If both checked, skip to Section III; if no answer filed, go to "B") Summons returned "not served" and filed by Clerk – Form 12.910(a) Request Clerk issue an alias summons, if address is known (If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case.) Constructive service also known as "service by publication." This can be used only if you do not know where the other party is. This can be a very complicated area of the law. Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry – Form 12.913(b) \_\_\_\_\_ Affidavit of Diligent Search – Form 12.913(c) Notice of Action appropriate to the type of case being filed. You will need to find an appropriate form in the law library or seek legal advice to draw up the appropriate form yourself. If constructive service is used, other than granting a dissolution, the court may grant only limited relief. This is a complicated area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney before using constructive service. B. Default Respondent failed to answer or file any paper after service \_\_ Motion for Default filed with Clerk – Form 12.922(a) (no sooner than 20 days after date of Service), \_\_\_ Default entered by Clerk – Form 12.922(b), \_\_\_\_ Affidavit of Military Service – Form 12.912(b) Respondent filed a form but not an answer you will need to motion the court to enter default and

II. SERVICE OF PROCESS

Only now is the case potentially ready for setting trial/final hearing.

set a hearing on your motion.

#### III. SETTING A HEARING

After Answer is filed or Clerk enters default:
Call Family Law at (727)582-7200 to request final hearing. Your court records will be checked for completeness and you will either be given a court calendar date or you will be given further instructions for setting your final hearing. If the other party filed a counter-petition you are required to respond.
Depending upon which Judge your case is assigned to, you may be required to prepare the Notic of Hearing. The original Notice of Hearing will be filed with the Clerk's Office. You will need to provide a copy to the other party. The copy must be received no later than 5 days prior to the hearing.
If you do not properly complete this step, your hearing could be delayed.
Please make arrangements for child care if applicable. Children are not allowed to attend without prior Order, per Fla.Fam.L.R.P. 12.407
Prepared by Administrative Office of the Courts – Revised by the Clerk 09-2020

## FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (02/18)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

#### Commentary

**1995 Adoption**. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

**1997 Amendment.** In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

### NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

#### **FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES**

Communication with the court. Ex parte communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other party is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a hearing and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

**Filing a case.** A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file a petition or other pleadings, motions, and documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your petition electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the circuit within which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

<u>Service of the original petition or supplemental petition</u>. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. The person

against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges.

Constructive Service. If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use constructive service; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c). Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read **carefully** to ensure that you have properly served the other party. **If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.** 

**Subsequent Service.** Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate</u> <u>of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney unless service upon the other party is required by the court.

Electronic Service. After the initial service of process of the petitioner or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at <a href="https://www.flcourts.org">www.flcourts.org</a> through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

<u>Default</u>. After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition. After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure. Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

**Parenting Plan.** If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a **Parenting Plan** shall be approved or established by the court. **Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), **Safety-Focused Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or **Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court.

If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a hearing or trial. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on uncontested or default cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for final hearing or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

The shaded areas below explain different parts of family law forms. Although each form you use may not contain each part explained below, all forms contain a case style which identifies the judicial circuit and county in Florida in which the case is filed, the division within that circuit to which the case is assigned, the parties in the case, and the number of the case. Some, but not all, forms require that the person signing the form state under oath that what he or she claims in the form is true; those particular forms must be signed in the presence of either a deputy clerk of the court or a notary public who witnesses your signature before notarizing the form. Most forms contain a nonlawyer clause which requests certain information be provided by any person who is not licensed to practice law in the State of Florida who has helped you to complete the form.

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·		tions on how to fill in the blank. Please follow all
instructions which ask for specific inf	ormation. O	ften these instructions appear in italics.
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _	(1)	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	(2)	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:(3)
		Division: (4)
(5)		
Petitioner,		
and		
(6)		
Respondent.		

- **Line 1** The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.
- **Line 2** Type or print your county name on line (2).
- **Line 3** If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- **Line 4** The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- **Line 5** Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- **Line 6** Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. If so, you must sign the form in the presence of a **notary public** or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. **Line 2, the signature line,** 

must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THE PART OF THE FORM WHICH ASKS FOR THE NOTARY'S OR CLERK'S SIGNATURE. This section of the form is to be completed by either the deputy clerk or the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

	under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this ringly making a false statement includes fines and/o
Dated: <u>(1)</u>	
(2)	(2)
	Signature of Petitioner Printed Name:
	(3)
	Address:
(4)	Address.
	City, State, Zip: (5)
	Telephone Number:(6)
	Fax Number: (7)
	Designated E-mail Address(es): (8)
STATE OF FLORIDA	
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
Sworn to or annimed and signed before the on	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
	clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

<u>Non-lawyer Clause.</u> The section below should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is **not** an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared for the: {either Petitioner or Respondent; or Husband or Wife} This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual}	(1)	,
{name of business}	(2)	,
{address}	(3)	,
{city} (4)	,{state} <u>(5)</u>	, {zip code} (6) ,{telephone number} (7) .

Line 1 The <u>nonlawyer</u> who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.

Lines 2–7 The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, zip code, and telephone number) should be typed or printed on lines 2–7.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

#### FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Alimony-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

**Answer** - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

**Appeal** - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

**Asset** - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

**Bond** - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

**Beneficiary Designation-**Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

**Bridge-the-Gap Alimony**-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

**Central Depository**-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

**Certificate of Service** - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

**Certified Copy** - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

**Certified Mail** - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

**Child Support** - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

**Clerk of the Circuit Court** - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

**Concurrent Custody**-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.913(a)(1) and (2).

**Contested Issues** - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

**Contingent Asset** - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

**Contingent Liability** - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

**Counterpetition** - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

**Custody Order** – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

**Default** - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

**Delinquent** - late.

**Dependent Child(ren)** - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

**Deputy Clerk** - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

**Dissolution of Marriage** - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

**Durational Alimony**-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated, but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

**Electronic Communication** – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

**Enjoined** - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

**Ex Parte** - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

**Extended Family Member**-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

Family Law Intake Staff - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

**Filing** - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

**Filing Fee** - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

**Financial Affidavit** - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

**Final Judgment** - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

**Guardian ad Litem** - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

**Hearing** - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

**Health Insurance**-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

**Judicial Assistant** - the judge's personal staff assistant.

**Liabilities** - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

**Lump Sum Alimony** - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

**Mandatory Disclosure** - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

**Marital Asset** - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage **may** be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Marital Liability** - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Mediator** - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

**Modification** - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

**Motion** - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

**No Contact** - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

**Nonmarital Asset** - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Nonmarital Liability** - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Nonparty** - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

**Notary Public** - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

**Obligee** - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

**Obligor** - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

**Order** - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

**Parenting Course** - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan — a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations.

**Parenting Plan Recommendation** – A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

**Party** - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

**Paternity Action** - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

**Payor** - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

**Permanent Alimony** - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

**Personal Service** - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

**Petition** - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

**Petitioner** - the person who originally files a petition that begins a court case. The Petitioner remains the Petitioner throughout the duration of the case.

**Pleading** - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

**Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant** - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

**Pro Se Coordinator** - see **Family Law Intake Staff**.

**Rehabilitative Alimony** - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

**Relocation**- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

**Respondent** - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her. The Respondent remains the Respondent throughout the duration of the case.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine the biological father of a child

**Service** - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

**Shared Parental Responsibility** - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

**Sole Parental Responsibility** - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

**State Disbursement Unit**- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

**Supervised Time-Sharing**- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

**Supplemental Petition** - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

**Supportive Relationship-**a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between an obligee who receives alimony and a person with whom that obligee resides.

**Time-Sharing Schedule** – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

**Trial** - the final hearing in a contested case.

**Uncontested** - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

#### Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida (727)582-7200

## How can I keep my address confidential in a court case if I am in fear of domestic violence?

**Question:** I am in fear of domestic violence from my spouse or another party in my court case. What do I have to do if I want to keep my address confidential?

**Answer:** In a domestic or repeat violence injunction case, the clerk of court has procedures in place to keep your address confidential. If a party in the injunction case properly files their pleadings at the domestic violence desk, the clerk will send you the copies of their pleadings so that you are properly notified of the filing and the hearing.

<u>In most types of proceedings, the confidential address procedure through the clerk is not available</u> because parties are required to copy other parties with pleadings filed in the case. In addition to sending copies of all pleadings, the moving party must prepare a notice of hearing and send it to all parties in the case.

If you do not want the other party(s) to have your home address you can consider the following:

- 1. Obtain a post office box. The post office cannot reveal the true address of a post office box owner, who is a private person and not a business, without a court order.
- 2. Ask your employer if you may use your work address to receive mail on your court case and as your service address for personal service.
- 3. If you are a victim of domestic violence or the guardian of an adult, minor child or impaired person who is a victim of domestic violence, you may inquire about the Address Confidentiality Program (ACP) with the Florida Attorney General's Office. You will be interviewed for acceptance into the program. Please call the Florida Attorney General at 1-800-226-6667 (local # 850-414-3300, TDD/TTY users may use the Florida Relay service at 1-800-955-8771) for information on setting up the interview.

How the program works: If you are accepted into the ACP program you will be given a substitute address to use for your mailing and legal process service address. The Attorney General will be the only one who has your real address. All first class mail sent, or legal process served, to the substitute ACP address will be forwarded to you by the Attorney General's Office. Your acceptance into the program is for a set period of time, is revocable, and must be renewed upon expiration. If you are accepted into the ACP program you will be given an identification card. It is your responsibility to determine who will get your actual address and who will get your ACP address. Government agencies are required to accept your ACP address but if you have previously given your actual address, they may not have to replace it with your substitute address.

The courts may order you to reveal your true address during a court case. Be aware that many government agencies share information and if you have given your true address to one, it may be shared with other agencies. Federal agencies and private businesses are not required to accept your ACP address but many will do so. Certain agencies, such as law enforcement, have the right to access your true address for certain reasons. A false or incorrect application under this program constitutes a second degree misdemeanor.

Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida 727-582-7200

Administra		Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida 727-582-7200		
	South Pinellas Co	ounty(St. Petersburg)		
Name	Address	Telephone Number(s) or other information		
Courts Information and Family law procedural assistance				
Resource Center	information on approved forms.	Office hours 8 a.m .to Noon, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Monday - Friday.		
Lawyer Referral Service		727-821-5450 (30 min. consultation with a lawyer for a small fe		
Legal Aid	Bay Area Legal Services-West	Bay Area Legal Services-West: 727-490-4040		
St. Petersburg	2600-9 <sup>th</sup> Street North, Ste. 401	Gulfcoast Legal Services: 727-821-0726		
St. 1 oto155415	St. Petersburg, FL 33704	Community Law Program: 727-582-7402		
St. Petersburg Courthouse	545-1 <sup>st</sup> Avenue North	Clerk of Court: <b>727-464-7000</b>		
	St. Petersburg, FL 33701	Child Support Automated Information Line: 727-464-4845		
Alternative Dispute	Court ordered civil mediation and	Mediation/Arbitration: 727-464-4943, Family Mediation: 727-464-4947		
Resolution Programs	arbitration services.			
Clerk of Court Self Help	Legal assistance by	St. Petersburg Courthouse, 545-1 <sup>st</sup> Avenue North, St. Petersburg,		
Center (St. Petersburg)	appointment for a fee	FL 33701 phone: <b>727-582-7941</b> , call for information.		
Center (St. 1 etersourg)		County(Clearwater)		
	315 Court Street	Clerk of Court: 727-464-7000		
Clearwater Courthouse	Clearwater, FL 33756			
	Clearwater, FL 33730	Child Support Automated Information Line: 727-464-4845		
Courts Information and	Family law procedural assistance &	727-582-7200 (walk-in assistance is not available)		
Resource Center	information on approved forms.	Office hours 8 a.m. to Noon, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Monday - Friday.		
Lawyer Referral Service		727-461-4880 (30 minute consultation for a small fee)		
Legal Aid	Gulfcoast Legal Services	727-443-0657		
Clearwater	2189 Cleveland St., Bldg G, Ste.210	727 113 0037		
Cical water	Clearwater, FL 33765			
Pinellas County Information	315 Court Street Clearwater, FL 33756	727-464-3000		
Alternative Dispute	Court ordered mediation and	Mediation/Arbitration: 727-464-4943, Family Mediation: 727-464-4947		
Resolution Programs	arbitration services.			
Clerk of Court Self Help	Legal assistance by	Clearwater Courthouse, 315 Court Street, Clearwater, FL 33756		
Center (Clearwater)	appointment for a fee	phone: 727-464-5150 call for information.		
		v Port Richey & Dade City)		
Clerk of Court-Civil	7530 Little Road	727-847-8176		
	New Port Richey, FL 34654			
(New Port Richey)	38053 Live Oak Avenue	727-847-2411		
Clerk of Court-Civil		352-521-4517		
(Dade City)	Dade City, FL 33523-3805	D. D. D. J 0.1- 5404		
Legal Aid-Pasco	Bay Area Legal Services	New Port Richey: 727-847-5494		
	Offices in New Port Richey and Dade City	Dade City: 352-567-9044		
Pagao County Conoral	38053 Live Oak Avenue	352-521-4274		
Pasco County General Information	Dade City, FL 33523-3805	332-321-4274		
Illioillation		"		
		ellaneous		
Florida Dept. of Revenue	Many offices statewide	Child Support Enforcement: 850-488-5437		
211	Information and referral for a	Dial 211 (24 hours per day, 7 days per week)		
	variety of state, local and private	Multilingual Internet page: <a href="http://www.211tampabay.com">http://www.211tampabay.com</a>		
T	services.			
Internet Pages	Florida Supreme Court <a href="http://www.flcourts.org">http://www.flcourts.org</a> ,			
	Pinellas County Clerk of Court http://www.mypinellasclerk.org			
	Sixth Judicial Circuit Court <a href="http://www.jud6.org">http://www.jud6.org</a> ,			
	Sixth Judicial Circuit Family Div			
		/AboutTheCircuit/AOC/Courtprograms/familyLaw/familylaw.htm		
State of Florida FLSDU	SDU	For income deducted support payments		
	P.O. Box 8500	1-877-769-0251 Toll free (you will need your case number and		
	Tallahassee, FL 32314-8500	social security number)		

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.982(a) PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (ADULT) (02/18)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used when an adult wants the court to change his or her name. This form is **not** to be used in connection with a dissolution of marriage or for adoption of child(ren). If you want a change of name because of a **dissolution of marriage** or adoption of child(ren) that is not yet final, the change of name should be requested as part of that case.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink and must be signed before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy</u> <u>clerk</u>. You should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

Unless you are seeking to restore a former name, you must have fingerprints submitted for a state and national criminal records check. The fingerprints must be taken in a manner approved by the Department of Law Enforcement and must be submitted to the Department for a state and national criminal records check. You may not request a hearing on the petition until the clerk of court has received the results of your criminal history records check. The clerk of court can instruct you on the process for having the fingerprints taken and submitted, including information on law enforcement agencies or service providers authorized to submit fingerprints electronically to the Department of Law Enforcement. The process may take several weeks and you will have to pay for the cost of processing the fingerprints and conducting the state and national criminal history records check. Please note that the state and national criminal records check must indicate whether you have registered as a sexual predator or a sexual offender and you must also indicate on this petition whether you have ever been required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21, Florida Statutes, or as a sexual offender under section 943.0435, F.S.

Next, you must obtain a <a hreating hearing date for the court to consider your request. If you are seeking to restore a former name, a hearing on the petition MAY be held immediately after the petition is filed. The final hearing on any other petition for a name change may be held immediately after the clerk of court receives the results of your criminal history records check. You should ask the clerk of court, <a href="family law intake staff">family law intake staff</a>, or <a href="judicial assistant">judicial assistant</a> about the local procedure for setting a hearing. You may be required to attend the <a href="final hearing">final hearing</a>. Included in these forms is a <a href="final Judgment">Final Judgment</a> of <a href="Name (Adult)</a>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(b), which the <a href="judge">judge</a> may use. You should contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant, to see if you need to bring a <a href="final judgment">final judgment</a> form with you. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

If the judge grants your <u>petition</u>, he or she will sign this <u>order</u>. This officially changes your name. The clerk can provide you with <u>certified copies</u> of the signed order. There will be charges for the certified

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(a), Petition for Change of Name (Adult) (02/18)

copies, and the clerk can tell you the amount of the charges.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Section 68.07, Florida Statutes.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration ow require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at <a href="www.flcourts.org">www.flcourts.org</a> through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Special notes...

The heading of the form calls for the name of the <u>petitioner</u>. Your current name should go there, as you are the one who is asking the court for something. The judicial circuit, case number, and division may be obtained from the clerk of court's office when you file the petition.

It may be helpful to compile a list of all of the people and/or places that will need a copy of your final judgment. This list may include the driver's license office, social security office, banks, schools, etc. A list will help you know how many copies of your order you should get from the clerk of court after your hearing.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THEJUDICIAL CIRCUIT,	
	IN AND FORCOUNTY, FLORIDA	
IN	N RE: THE NAME CHANGE OF	
	Case No.:	
	Division:	
	, Petitioner.	
	PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (ADULT)	
	{full legal name}, being sworn, certify that the follownformation is true:	wing
1.	. My complete present name is:	
	I request that my name be changed to:	
2.	. I live in County, Florida, at {street address}	
3.	. I was born on {date}, in {city}, {county}	
4.	. My parents' full legal names are :  a	
	b	
	c. {If applicable }My parents' maiden name(s) is/are:and	- -
5.	. I have lived in the following places since birth:  Dates (to/from) Address	
	/	
	/	
	/( Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)	
6.	. Family [Indicate all that apply] a I am not married.	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(a), Petition for Change of Name (Adult) (02/18)

	b I am married. My spouse's full legal name is:
	cI do not have child(ren).
	d The name(s), age(s), and address(es) of my child(ren) are as follows (all children, including those over 18, must be listed):
	Name {last, first, middle initial} Age Address, City, State
	(Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)
7.	Former names [Indicate all that apply] a My name has never been changed by a court.
	b My name previously was changed <b>by court order</b> from to on {date} by {court, city, and state}
	A copy of the court order is attached.
	cMy name previously was changed <b>by marriage</b> fromtoon {date}
	in {city, county, and state
	dI have never been known or called by any other name.
	e I have been known or called by the following other name(s): {list name(s) and explain where you were known or called by such name(s)}
8.	Occupation  My occupation is:
	My occupation is: I am employed at: {company and address}
	During the past 5 years, I have had the following jobs:
	During the past 3 years, I have had the following jobs.
	Dates (to/from) Employer and employer's address

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(a), Petition for Change of Name (Adult) (02/18)

	(Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)			
9.	Business [Choose one only] I do not own and operate a business.			
	I own and operate a business. The name of the business is:  The street address is:			
	My position with the business is:			
	I have been involved with the business since: {date}			
10.	Profession [Choose one only]I am not in a profession.			
	I am in a profession. My profession is:I have practiced this profession:			
	Dates (to/from) Place and address			
11.	Education I have graduated from the following school(s):			
	Degree Date of Received Graduation School			
	Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)			
12.	Criminal History Indicate all that apply I have never been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication I have a criminal history. In the past I have been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication.			

	Date City/State		Event (arrest, charge, plea, or adjudication)			
	( Please	indicate here if yo	ou are continuing these facts on an attached page.)			
	I have Florida Statutes.		en required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21,			
	I have 943.0435, Florid		er been required to register as a sexual offender under section			
13.	-	Bankruptcy [Choose one only]I have never been adjudicated bankrupt.				
	{county}	, {state	n {date}, in {city}, e} u have filed additional bankruptcies, and explain on an attached			
14.	Creditor(s)' Judgments [Choose one only]I have never had a money judgment entered against me by a creditor.					
	The followi	ng creditor(s)' mor	ney judgment(s) have been entered against me:			
	_	_	or Court entering judgment and case number if Paid {date}			
	( Please	indicate here if the	ese facts are continued on an attached page.)			
15.	Fingerprints and	l Criminal History I	Records Check			
	approved by the history records of <b>Court receives t</b>	e Department of Lacheck. I understand the check is understand the results of the cr	rmer name, a copy of my fingerprints has been taken in a manner aw Enforcement and submitted for a state and national criminal d that I cannot request a hearing on my Petition until the Clerk of iminal history records check. I also understand that the state and ate whether I have registered as either a sexual predator or sexual			
16.	I have no ulterio	r or illegal purpose	for filing this petition, and granting it will not in any manner invade			

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(a), Petition for Change of Name (Adult) (02/18)

otherwise.

the property rights of others, whether partnership, patent, good will, privacy, trademark, or

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment. Dated: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of PETITIONER Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_ City, State, Zip: \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Fax Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Designated E-Mail Address(es):\_\_\_\_\_ STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on by . NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK [Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.] Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced \_\_\_\_\_ IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared by the Petitioner. This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual} {name of business}:\_\_\_\_\_\_ {address} \_\_\_\_\_\_ {city} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_, {zip code} \_\_\_\_\_, {telephone number} \_\_\_\_\_.

17. My civil rights have never been suspended, or, if my civil rights have been suspended, they have been

fully restored.

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(a), Petition for Change of Name (Adult) (02/18)

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR PASCO AND PINELLAS COUNTIES, FLORIDA

IN RE: THE NAME CHANGE OF			
	CASE NO	).:	
	UCN:		
Petitioner.			
/			
AFFIDAVIT IN COMPLIANCE W	VITH SECTION 6	68.07(3)(i), FLORI	IDA STATUTES
"In conformity with FS 68.07(3)(i) Petition to include the following sworn states	, I	[Petition	oner] am amending my
[ ] I have been required to regis offender under s. 943.0435, Fla. Stat.	ter as a sexual pre	edator under s. 775	.21, Fla. Stat., or sexual
[ ] I have not been required to sexual offender under s. 943.0435, Fla. Stat.	register as a sexu	al predator under	s. 775.21, Fla. Stat., or
I understand that I am swearing or affirm this affidavit and that the punishment for imprisonment.			
Dated:	Signature_		
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF			
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me of	on	by	
	NOTARY PUBLI	C or DEPUTY CL	ERK
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced			name of notary or clerk.]
OR			
SWORN TO IN OPEN COURT before the u	undersigned, this _	day of	, 20
Copies furnished to:	CII	RCUIT JUDGE or .	Judicial Officer

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.928 COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES (11/20)

#### When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it does not replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

#### What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding, (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
  - (A) Initial Action/Petition
  - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
  - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
  - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
  - Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
  - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
  - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

- (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.
- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Stalking-all matters relating to injunctions for protection against stalking pursuant to section 784.0485, Florida Statutes
- (H) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (I) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (L) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (Q) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (R) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (U) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

- (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family-all matters relating to petitions for temporary or concurrent custody pursuant to Chapter 751.
- (W) Emancipation of a Minor-all matters relating to emancipation of a minor pursuant to Chapter 743.

**ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE.** Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

**Nonlawyer** Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

#### **COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES**

I.	Case Style
	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.: Judge:
	Petitioner
	and
	Respondent
II.	Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
	(A) Initial Action/Petition (B) Reopening Case 1 Modification/Supplemental Petition 2 Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement 3 Other
III.	Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.
	<ul> <li>(A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage</li> <li>(B) Dissolution of Marriage</li> <li>(C) Domestic Violence</li> <li>(D) Dating Violence</li> <li>(E) Repeat Violence</li> <li>(F) Sexual Violence</li> <li>(G) Stalking</li> </ul>
	(H) Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (I) Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (J) UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (K) UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (L) Other Family Court (M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 (N) Name Change (O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity (P) Juvenile Delinquency

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

<ul> <li>(R) Shelter Petition</li> <li>(S) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39</li> <li>(T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39</li> <li>(U) CINS/FINS</li> <li>(V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family</li> <li>(W) Emancipation of a Minor</li> <li>IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C Family Court Cases and initial pleading/petition?</li> </ul>	sented litigan
<ul> <li>(T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39</li> <li>(U) CINS/FINS</li> <li>(V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family</li> <li>(W) Emancipation of a Minor</li> <li>IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C</li> </ul>	sented litigan
<ul> <li>(U) CINS/FINS</li> <li>(V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family</li> <li>(W) Emancipation of a Minor</li> <li>IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C</li> </ul>	sented litigan
<ul> <li>(V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family</li> <li>(W) Emancipation of a Minor</li> <li>IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C</li> </ul>	sented litigan
<ul> <li>(W) Emancipation of a Minor</li> <li>IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C</li> </ul>	sented litigan
12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C	sented litigan
in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C	_
	over Sheet for
Family Court Cases and initial pleading/petition?	
No, to the best of my knowledge, no related cases exist Yes, all related cases are listed on Family Law Form 12.900(h).	
ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE	
LCERTIEV that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is assurate to t	the best of my
I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is accurate to the knowledge and belief.	tie best of my
knowledge and belief.	
Signature FL Bar No.: FL Bar number, if atto	
Attorney or party (Bar number, if atto	rney)
(Type or print name) (E-mail Address(es))	<del></del>
(170e 01 DIIIIL Hallie) (E-IIIali Audressies))	
(-),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Date (Construction)	
Date	
Date  IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E	<b>3ELOW:</b> [fill in
Date  IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks]	<b>3ELOW:</b> [fill in
Date  IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks]  This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent	<b>3ELOW:</b> [fill in
Date  IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks]  This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent  This form was completed with the assistance of:	<b>BELOW:</b> [fill in
Date  IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks]  This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent  This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual}	<b>3ELOW:</b> [fill in
Date  IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks]  This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent  This form was completed with the assistance of:	

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (11/13)

#### When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "**bold underline"** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

#### Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms <b>must</b> also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.
Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Coco No
		Case No.: Division:
		DIVISION.
	Petitioner,	
	and	
	Respondent.	
	·	
	NOTICE	
	NOTICE	E OF RELATED CASES
ji f t	2.545(d). A related case may be an op uvenile delinquency, juvenile depende amily law case if it involves any of the he party files a family case; if it affects	ed Cases as required by Florida Rule of Judicial Administration or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, domestic violence ency, or domestic relations case. A case is "related" to this same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the times the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an order in the related same issues in the new case; or if an order in the new case relitigation.
[ - - F	There are no related cases The following are the related cases Related Case No. 1 Case Name(s):	
[ - - F (	There are no related cases. The following are the related cases  Related Case No. 1  Case Name(s):  Petitioner	
[ - - F (	There are no related cases. The following are the related cases  Related Case No. 1  Case Name(s):  Petitioner	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):
Relationship of cases check <b>all</b> that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 2 Case Name(s): Petitioner Respondent Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]  Dissolution of Marriage Paternity  Custody Adoption  Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings  Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency  Termination of Parental Rights Criminal  Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health  Violence or Stalking Injunctions Other {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}  Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):  Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):  Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 3
Case Name(s):
Petitioner
Respondent
Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check <b>all</b> that apply]
Dissolution of Marriage Paternity
Custody Adoption
Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedin
Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency
Termination of Parental Rights Criminal
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health
Violence or Stalking InjunctionsOther {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
County, Florida):
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:
pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;
may affect court's jurisdiction;
order in related case may conflict with an order in this case;
order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
[check <b>one</b> only]
I do not request coordination of litigation in any of the cases listed above.

2.

	I do request coordination of the foll	lowing cases:
3.	[check all that apply] Assignment to one judge Coordination of existing cases will conserve judicial resources as because:	nd promote an efficient determination of these cases
4.	The Petitioner acknowledges a continuin state that could affect the current proceed	g duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other eding.
	Dated:	
		Petitioner's Signature Printed Name:
		City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number: E-mail Address(es):
		ICATE OF SERVICE
Sho ( [ch	eriff's Department or a certified process se ) e-mailed ( ) mailed ( ) hand delivered leck all that apply] ( ) judge assigned to I	e of Related Cases to the County erver for service on the Respondent, and [check all used] d, a copy to {name}, who is the new case, ( ) chief judge or family law administrative a party to the related case, ( ) {name}
		the related case on {date}
		Signature of Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner Printed Name:

IF A NONLA	AWYER	R HELPED YO	OU FILL OUT TH	IS FORM, HE/SHE MUST	FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in <b>all</b> bl	anks] <sup>·</sup>	This form wa	as prepared for	the {choose <b>only</b> one}: (	) Petitioner (	) Respondent.
This form w	vas coi	mpleted wit	h the assistance	e of:		
{name of in	ndividu	al}				
{address}						<b>,</b>
{city}			{state}	, {telephone nur	nber}	·

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a) DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER (11/12)

#### When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

**In addition**, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person to retain and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer shall also keep copies for at least 6 years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

#### **Special Notes**

This disclosure form does **NOT** act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), Disclosure from Nonlawyer (11/12)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
DISCLOSURE FR	OM NONLAWYER
{Name} and may not give legal advice, cannot tell me what my ri in court, and cannot represent me in court.	told me that he/she is a nonlawyer ghts or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify
Rule 10-2.1(b) of the Rules Regulating The Flori under the supervision of a member of The Florida Bar an legal work for which a member of The Florida Bar is remay call themselves paralegals. {Name}_defined by the rule and cannot call himself/herself a page 1.5 miles a page 2.5 miles a page 2.5 miles a page 3.5	esponsible. Only persons who meet the definition _, informed me that he/she is not a paralegal as
<i>[Name]</i> , told me that he/sl by me in writing into the blanks on the form. Except for may not tell me what to put in the form and may not co	ne may only type the factual information provided typing, {name},
approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, {name}	
may ask me factual questions to fill in the blanks on the	e form and may also tell me how to file the form.
{Choose one only} I can read English I cannot read English, but this disclosure was re {name} in {language}	ead to me [fill in <b>both</b> blanks] by
Dated:	
Buteu.	Signature of Party
	Signature of NONLAWYER
	Printed Name:Name of Business:
	Address:

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
IN RE	E: THE NAME CHANGE OF	
	Petitioner.	
	FINAL JUDGMENT OF CHA	NGE OF NAME (ADULT)
This	cause came before the Court on {date}	, for a hearing on Petition for Change of
	e (Adult) under section 68.07, Florida Statutes, an	
1.	Petitioner is a bona fide resident of	County, Florida;
2.	Petitioner's request is not for any ulterior or il	legal purpose; and
3.	Granting this petition will not in any manner in	avade the arguerty rights of others, whether
٥.	partnership, patent, good will, privacy, tradem	· · · · ·
	parenersing, patent, good tim, privacy, traden	iant, or other moe, it is
ORD	ERED that Petitioner's present name,	
	anged to	
by w	hich Petitioner shall hereafter be known.	
DON	E and ORDERED ON in	, Florida.
	CIRCU	JIT JUDGE
I cert	tify that a copy of the {name of document(s)}	ailed hand-delivered to the party(ies) listed
was <sub>-</sub>	mailed faxed and mailed e-ma	ailed hand-delivered to the party(ies) listed
pelo	w on {date}	·
P <sub>P</sub> tit	ioner (or his or her attorney)	
	•	
Jule	er:	

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.999 FINAL DISPOSITION FORM (03/17)

#### When should this form be used?

This form is filed by the <u>petitioner</u> or <u>respondent</u> for the use of the <u>clerk of the court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data under section 25.075, Florida Statutes. When your case is completed, the petitioner or respondent must complete this form and file it with the clerk.

#### What should I do next?

This form must be typed or printed in black ink. After completing and signing this form, you should then <u>file</u> it and keep a copy for your records.

A copy of this form must be e-mailed, mailed, or hand delivered to the other party(ies) in your case.

#### **Instructions for completing this form**

- **Lase Style.** Enter the name of the court, the case number assigned at the time of the filing of the petition, counterpetition, or motion, the name of the judge assigned, and the names of the petitioner and respondent.
- **II. Means of Final Disposition.** Place an "x" on the appropriate line before the major category and the appropriate subcategory, if applicable. The following are the definitions of the disposition categories.
  - A. Dismissed Before <u>Hearing</u> or <u>Trial.</u> The case is settled, voluntarily dismissed, or otherwise disposed of before a hearing or trial is held.
  - B. Dismissed Under Settlement, Before Hearing or Trial. Before hearing or trial, the case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner, respondent, or movant after a settlement.
  - C. Dismissal Under Mediated Settlement, Before Hearing or Trial. The case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner or respondent after a settlement is reached with mediation before a hearing or trial is held.
  - D. Other, Before Hearing or Trial. The case is dismissed before a hearing or trial in an action that does not fall into one of the other disposition categories on this form.
  - E. Dismissal Before Hearing or Trial. The case is dismissed by a judge voluntarily after a hearing or trial is held.

- F. Dismissed Under a Settlement, After Hearing or Trial. The case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner, respondent, or movant after a settlement is reached without mediation after a hearing or trial is held.
- G. Dismissal Under a Mediated Settlement, After Hearing or Trial. The case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner, respondent, or movant after a settlement is reached with mediation after a hearing or trial.
- H. Other, After Hearing or Trial. The case is dismissed after hearing in an action that does not fall into the categories listed on this form.
- I. Disposed by **Default.** A respondent chooses not to or fails to contest the petitioner's allegations and a judgment against the respondent is entered by the court.
- J. Disposed by Judge. A judgment or disposition is reached by the judge in a case that is not dismissed and in which no trial has been held. Includes stipulations by the parties, conditional judgments, summary judgment after hearing, and any manner in which a judgment is entered, excluding cases disposed of by default as in category I. above.
- K. Disposed by Nonjury Trial. The case is disposed as a result of a contested trial in which there is no jury and in which the judge determines both the issues of fact and the law in the case.
- L. Disposed by Jury Trial. Any part of the case is disposed as a result of a jury trial (considered the beginning of a jury trial to be when the jurors and alternates are selected and sworn).
- M. Other. The case is consolidated, submitted to mediation or arbitration, transferred, or otherwise disposed of by any other means not listed in categories (A) to (L).

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read **General Information for Self-Represented Litigants** found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there.

#### **FINAL DISPOSITION FORM**

#### I. Case Style

	{Name of Court}		
{Petitioner}		{Case number}	
{Respondent}		{Judge}	
II. Means	s of Final Disposition		
Place an "x" or	n the line for the major category and	one subcategory, f applicable only.	
		lement, before hearing or trial ed settlement before hearing or trial ial	
		ttlement, after hearing or trial ediated settlement, after hearing or trial	
	Disposed by default		
	Disposed by judge		
	Disposed by nonjury trial		
	Disposed by jury trial		
	Other {specify}	<u>.</u>	
Date:			
		Signature of Attorney or Party Printed Name:	
		City, State, Zip:	
		Telephone Number:	
		E-mail address(es):	

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL C	UT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST	FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepar	red for the: {choose only <b>one</b> } (	) Petitioner (	) Respondent
This form was completed with the ass	istance of:		
{name of individual}			
{name of business}			
{address}			,
{city}	, {state} ,	{telephone numi	ber} .